WoMaster

PoF

DP612

Layer 3 (PoE+) Switch with Cyber Security and Enhanced ERPS v2 for Critical Applications DS612/DP612

Industrial 8G + 4GF Layer 3 Cyber Security Switch

The 12 Port Gigabit L3 Managed Switch DS612/DP612 supports various routing protocols such as IP/VLAN routing, RIP, OSPF, VRRP router redundancy to be fully compatible with your backbone network. It is designed with advanced cybersecurity features such as Port-Based Security- IEEE802.1 x MAB (MAC Authentication Bypass), Access Control List (ACL, MAC/IP/ARP filter), DHCP Snooping, IP Source Guard, Dynamic ARP Inspection as well as advanced redundancy features such as WoMaster ERPSv2 Plus and eRSTP. The rugged EMC design of DS612 is certified by IEC 61850-3/IEEE 1613/EN 50121-4 standard that is the best choice for substation and railway wayside applications. The PoE design for DP612 delivers up to 240w power budget over the 8 Giga PoE+ port.





Full Gigabit Switching and Ultra-high Throughput

- **12-port Full Gigabit** Ethernet with 8 GbE RJ45 and 4 100M/1G SFP fiber ports
- · DDM function for high quality fiber connectivity monitoring
- 16K MAC address table
- 1.5MByte packet buffer memory for H.264 burst
- 9K bytes jumbo frame
- · Stores and forwards with non-blocking switch fabric
- 8 flexible Class of Service(CoS) queues, 512 L2 Multicast Groups for video applications

WoMaster ERPSv2 PLUS Ring Technology

- Apply Broadcom[®] CFM Technology for overcoming GbE copper physical limitation and providing minimum 20ms recovery time, seamless restoration time
- Inter-Operability with 3rd party ITU-T G.8032 v1/v2 ERPS switch and still remain fast recovery time
- Replace legacy Ring + Chain + Dual Homing

Enhanced RSTP(eRSTP)

- Enhance the RSTP fault recovery time performance
- Enhance RSTP performance for large ring network topologies with up to 80 switches

Extreme PoE Capability – DP612

- 8-port IEEE 802.3af/at compliant PoE, up to 30W/port
- Up to 240W power budget
- Complete PoE management including per-port Power Budget Control, PoE Scheduling and PoE Status

Dynamic Routing with Redundancy Protection

- RIPv1&v2, OSPFv1&v2 for intra-domain routing within an autonomous system
- Efficient unicast/multicast static routing
- VRRP guarantees sustainable routing in a single point of failure

Compliant with IEC62443-4-2 Level 3 / 4 Cyber Security

- · L2-L7 IPv4/IPv6* Access Control List (ACL)
- · DHCP Snooping, IP Source Guard, Dynamic ARP Inspection
- · 802.1Q VLAN, Private VLAN, Advanced Port Security
- · Multi-Level user passwords

IEC61850-3

DS612

- HTTPS/SSH/SFTP, 256-bit encryption
- 802.1X MAB for non-802.1X compliant end devices
- · RADIUS/TACACS+ centralized password authentication

Rugged Design for Substation/Wayside

- DS612- IEC 61850-3/ IEEE 1613 for Substation
- EN50121-4 for railway trackside applications
- Top level EMC protection and excellent heat dissipation design for operating in -40~85°C environment

Industrial IoT LAN & Cloud Management

- Various configuration paths, including CGI WebGUI, CLI, SNMP and RMON
- Support WoMaster Software Utilities:
 -NetMaster Network Management System
 -ViewMaster for Configuration Management
- -ThingMaster*, ThingMaster OTA* for device management over Cloud*
- Support MQTT* protocol, ready to use AWS/Azure and Private Cloud Agent for cloud management
- LLDP for topology control, auto-topology drawing
- · USB for easy field configuration and firmware update

Features & Benefits

✓ ITU-T G.8032 ERPSv2 gives ultimate Inter-Operability, Flexibility, and Scalability

G.8032 v.2 ERPS is becoming the most common standard for redundancy on industrial networks and replacing proprietary ring redundancy and standard Ethernet Ring Switching, as it provides stable protection of the entire Ethernet Ring from any loops and open standard for 3rd party devices. The ITU-T G.8032 v2 ERPS recovers the network break within less than 20ms recovery time thus significantly increases network reliability for critical IIoT applications, such as heavy industrial automation (power substation and oil and gas vertical markets), ITS (traffic control, public transportation), railway networks, and other smart city applications concerning public safety.





G.8032 v1 only supports single ring topology, whilst G.8032 version 2 additionally features recovery switching for Ethernet traffic in Multiple Ring (ladder) of conjoined Ethernet Rings by one or more interconnections which saves deployment costs by providing wide-area multipoint connectivity with reduced number of links. Deploying switches with support of G.8032 v2 ERPS ensures highly resilient Ethernet infrastructure whilst simultaneously saving costs, as they can interoperate with third-party switches and still guarantee fast network recovery time without any data loss.

✓ ITU-T G.8032 ERPSv2 reduces coupling Ring failure recovery time

The G.8032 ERPS v2 technology effectively saves the recovery time for coupling ring link breakdown from 300 sec to less than 20ms by immediately change the topology of both major ring and sub ring.



✓ WoMaster ERPS v2 PLUS Technology – Fast Giga Copper Recovery Time

The adaption of Broadcom[®] CFM Technology can reduce CFM Transmission for link failure within 3.3ms, thus to detect the ring link fault within 11.55ms (3.5 times the CFM Interval) for ERPSv2 mechanism to respond. Once the ring port fails, the ERPS RPL-Owner will forward the backup port and recover the GbE copper within 20ms under the condition that 250pcs nodes in one ring.



Features & Benefits

Advanced Port Based Security- IEEE802.1 x MAB (MAC Authentication Bypass)

MAB enables port-based access control by bypassing the MAC address authentication process to TACACS+/Radius Server. Prior to MAB, the endpoint's (ex. PLC) identity is unknown and all traffic is blocked. The switch examines a single packet to learn and authenticate the source MAC address. After MAB succeeds, the endpoint's identity is known and all traffic from that endpoint is allowed. The switch performs source MAC address filtering to help ensure that only the MAB-authenticated endpoint is allowed to send traffic.



✓ DHCP Snooping

DHCP snooping acts like a firewall between untrusted hosts and trusted DHCP servers. It performs the following activities:

- Validates DHCP messages received from untrusted sources and filters out invalid messages.
- Rate-limits DHCP traffic from trusted and untrusted sources.
- Builds and maintains the DHCP snooping binding database, which contains information about untrusted hosts with leased IP addresses.
- Utilizes the DHCP snooping binding database to validate subsequent requests from untrusted hosts.

DHCP snooping is enabled on a per-VLAN basis. By default, the feature is inactive on all VLANs. You can enable the feature on a single VLAN or a range of VLANs.



In addition to MAB, the authentication can also be done by the preconfigured static or auto-learn MAC address table in the switch.

- MAC address Auto Learning enables the switch to be programmed to learn (and to authorize) a preconfigured number of the first source MAC addresses encountered on a secure port. This enables the capture of the appropriate secure addresses when first configuring MAC address-based authorization on a port. Those MAC addresses are automatically inserted into the Static MAC Address Table and remained there until explicitly removed by the user.
- The port security is further enhanced by Sticky MAC setting. If Sticky MAC address is activated, the MACs/Devices authorized on the port 'sticks' to the port and the switch will not allow them to move to a different port.
- Port Shutdown Time allows users to specify for the time period to auto shutdown the port if a security violation event occurs.



Authorized DHCP server Trusted DHCP shoping enabled DHCP client Untrusted Untrusted DHCP server DAI validates the ARP packets in a network. DAI intercepts, logs, and discards ARP packets with invalid IP-to-MAC address bindings. This capability protects the network from some man-in-the-middle attacks.

DAI ensures that only valid ARP requests and responses are relayed. The switch performs these activities:

- Intercepts all ARP requests and responses on untrusted ports
- Verifies that each of these intercepted packets has a valid IP-to-MAC address binding before updating the local ARP cache or before forwarding the packet to the appropriate destination
- Drops invalid ARP packets.

DAI determines the validity of an ARP packet based on valid IP-to-MAC address bindings stored in a trusted database, the DHCP snooping binding database. This database is built by DHCP snooping if DHCP snooping is enabled on the VLANs and on the switch. If the ARP packet is received on a trusted interface, the switch forwards the packet without any checks. On untrusted interfaces, the switch forwards the packet only if it is valid.

✓ Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)

Features & Benefits

✓ IP Source Guard

IP source guard provides source IP address filtering on a Layer 2 port to prevent a malicious host from impersonating a legitimate host by assuming the legitimate host's IP address. The feature uses dynamic DHCP snooping and static IP source binding to match IP addresses to hosts on untrusted Layer 2 access ports.

Initially, all IP traffic on the protected port is blocked except for DHCP packets. After a client receives an IP address from the DHCP server, or after static IP source binding is configured by the administrator, all traffic with that IP source address is permitted from that client.

Traffic from other hosts is denied. This filtering limits a host's ability to attack the network by claiming a neighbor host's IP address.

✓ IPv4/v6 Access Control List (ACL)

Packet filtering limits network traffic and restricts network use by certain users or devices. ACLs filter traffic as it passes through a switch and permits or denies packets crossing specified interfaces. An ACL is a sequential collection of permit and deny conditions that apply to packets. When a packet is received on an interface, the switch compares the fields in the packet against any applied ACLs to verify that the packet has the required permissions to be forwarded, based on the criteria specified in the access lists.

WoMaster supports L2-L7 ACLs, parsing up to 128 bytes/packet and L2-L7 packet classification and filtering IPv4/IPv6 traffic, including TCP, User Datagram Protocol (UDP), Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP), and Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP).



✓ Multi-Level User Passwords

Different centralized authentication server is supported such as RADIUS and TACACS+. Using a central authentication server simplifies account administration, in particular when you have more than one switches in the network.

Authentication Chain is also supported. An authentication chain is an ordered list of authentication methods to handle more advanced authentication scenarios. For example, you can create an authentication chain which first contacts a RADIUS server, and then looks in a local database if the RADIUS server does not respond.



NMS NetMaster Made Easy Deploy and Visualize Large Scale of ERPS Ring and VLAN

It is very time consuming and technical to set up a large group of ERPS v2 ring. However, NetMaster NMS provides a smart way to configure a group of ERPS ring and visualize ERPS major/sub ring in purple/yellow color. With VLAN visualization, devices, ports, and links with the VLAN ID will be colored-coded.







✓ Broadcom[®] L3 Routing at wire speed Performance

The Layer 3 switch with Broadcom[®] ASIC (A Dedicated Chip) can perform routing at wire-speed, which is much faster and efficient than software routing by CPU loading. Compared with a that simply makes routing functions, the Layer 3 switch can handle larger networks with a lot of broadcasts, subnets and/or VLANs that require higher performance.

The layer 3 switch also handles complicated routing network topologies involving Inter VLAN routing, Dynamic routing, OSPF v1/2, RIP v1/2, Static routing with broadcast traffic control.

✓ Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

VRRP is a redundancy protocol for connecting redundant WAN gateway routers or layer 3 switches which allows a backup router or layer 3 switch to automatically takes over if the primary (master) router or switch fails. VRRP works by grouping the redundant gateways together into a single virtual router. That virtual router entity has an IP address of its own. Instead of sending traffic to an individual router, the nodes send traffic to the virtual router address (for example, by using the virtual router address as their gateway address). The master router processes traffic that is addressed to the virtual router address and forwards it appropriately. The master router also sends out regular advertisements to the backup router. If the master router goes down, the backup router takes over as the master router and starts processing traffic. When the original master router comes back up, it takes over as the master router again.

✓ Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)

WoMaster Layer 3 Managed Switch designs with the OSPF Version 2 specification. OSPF calculates the shortest route to a destination through the network-based algorithm. When compared with RIP (Routing Information Protocol) which is a distance vector-based routing protocol, OSPF can provide scalable network support and faster convergence time for network routing state by calculating the cost of the route, taking into account bandwidth, delay and load. As a result, OSPF is widely used in large networks such as ISP (Internet Service Provider) backbone and enterprise networks for calculating routes through large and complex local area networks.

✓ Effective PoE Management (DP612)

Home >	PoE > Pot	E Status					
PoE Status PoE Control -		ol 🗕	PoE Schedu	le Alive Che	ck PoEl	Event	
PoE	Status						
Total	Power E	Budget		240 V	N		
Total	l Output l	Power		3.10 \	N		
Utiliz	ation			1 %			
Even	nt			Norm	al		
Port	Mode	Status	Class	Budget(w)	Consumption(W)	Voltage(V)	Current(mA)
1	Disable	Off			0.00	0.0	0.0
2	Disable	Off			0.00	0.0	0.0
3	Disable	Off			0.00	0.0	0.0
4	Disable	Off			0.00	0.0	0.0
5	Disable	Off			0.00	0.0	0.0
	Disable	Off			0.00	0.0	0.0
6					2.40	47.8	65.4
6 7	Enable	Powering	Class2	7.70	0.10		

PoE Schedule

PoE Schedule Disable V on Port 1 V

Time	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
00:00							
01:00							
02:00							
03:00							
04:00							
05:00							



Home > Rou	ting → V	RRP Setting							
ARP Table	Setting	IP Interfa	ce Setting	Route +	RIP +	OSPF +	VRRP -		
RRP S	RRP Setting								
Virtual R	outer								
Interface	v	irtual ID	Virtual IP						
vlan1	•								
Add									
Virtual D	outer l	nterface							
VIIIuar R	Juter	internace						_	
Interface	Virtual ID	Virtual IP	Prio	rity	Adv.	Interval	Preempt		
II vian1	1	192.168.10.6	100		1		Enable	¥	
Submit S	Submit Selected Remove Reload								

Home > Routing > OSPF Setting
ARP Table Setting IP Interface Setting Route - RIP - OSPF - VRRP -
OSPF Setting
OSPF Protocol Disable V
Router ID
Submit
Routing for Networks
Network Address (A.B.C.D/M) Area
Add
Index Network Address Area
Remove Selected Reload
OSPF redistribute option
Redistribute Type connected Metric Value Metric Type none
Add
Redistribute Type Metric Value Type
Remove Selected Reload

The Web GUI shows detailed PoE status and the operating status of each PoE Port, including PoE mode, Operation status, and PD class, Power Consumption, Voltage, and Current.

The PoE switch can effectively maintain the PD's status by sending requests to the powered device. If the PoE device does not echo the request, then the PoE port will be shut down to reboot the device. The scheduling can also be configured for better organizing the PoE power forwarding.

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Enable PD Alive Check				
PD	IP Address	Cycle Time(s)	Delete	
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
Subr	nit Cancel			







Technology	
	IEEE 802.3 10Base-T Ethernet
	IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX Fast Ethernet
	IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T Gigabit Ethernet copper
	IEEE 802.3u 100Base-FX Fast Ethernet Fiber
	IEEE 802.3z Gigabit Ethernet Fiber
	IEEE 802.3x Flow Control and back-pressure
	IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
Otan dan d	IEEE 802.1p Class of Service (CoS)
Standard	IEEE 802.1Q VLAN and GVRP
	IEEE 802.1D-2004 Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
	IEEE 802.1Q-2005 Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
	IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
	IEEE 802.1X Port based Network Access Protocol
	IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol v2
	IEEE 802.3af/at Power-over-Ethernet (DP612)
	ITU-T G.8032 version 2 Ethernet ring protection switching (ERPSv2)
Performance	
Switch Technology	Store and Forward Technology with 24Gbps Non-Blocking Switch Fabric Internal Packet Buffer: 1.5MBytes Forwarding rate: 41.67Mpps (1,488,000pps/port)
Number of MAC Address	16K
Jumbo Frame	9216 Bytes
VLAN	256 VLANs, VLAN ID 1~4094
IGMP Groups	512
L3 IP Route	64 Hardware entries
L3 IP Multicast	64 Hardware entries
Traffic Prioritize	8 Priority Queues per Port
Interface	
Ethernet Port	8 x 10/100/1000Base-T RJ-45, Auto-Negotiation 4 x 100/1000Base SFP, DDM
System LED	 2 x Power: Green On 1 x System Status: Ready: Green On, Firmware Updating: Green Blinking 1 x DO: Red On 1 x DI : Green On 1 x Ring: Off: Ring disabled, Green On: Ring normal (Not RPL Owner), Green Blinking: Ring normal (RPL Owner), Amber On: Ring abnormal, Amber Blinking: Ring port fail
Giga Ethernet Port LED	Link (Green On), Active (Green Blinking), Speed 1000M(Amber On), Speed 100M(Off)
Giga SFP LED	Link (Green On), Active (Green Blinking), Speed 1000M(Amber On), Speed 100M(Off)
PoE LED (DP612)	8x PoE: PoE ON (Amber On)
Reset	System Reboot(2-6 Seconds)/Default Settings Reset(over 7 Seconds)
Console	1 x RJ45 based RS232 for System Configuration. Baud Rate:115200.n.8.1
USB	1 x USB for Configuration/Firmware Update
Power Input, Digital Input, Digital Output	 8-Pin Removable Terminal Block Connector: 4 Pins for Redundant Power 4 Pins for DI, DO (Relay Alarm) 1x Digital Output: Dry Relay Output with 0.5A /24V DC 1x Digital Input: DI with Photo-Coupler Isolation High: DC 11~30V Low: DC 0~10V
Watchdog	Hardware-based 10 seconds timer

Power Requirement					
Input Voltage	DS612: 24VDC (10~60VDC) DP612: 48VDC (46~57VDC), 50~57VDC for IEEE802.3at				
Reverse Polarity Protect	Yes				
Input Current	DS612: 0.67A@24V DP612: 4.67A@54V				
Power Consumption	DS612: Max 16.08W@24VDC full traffic, suggest to reserve 15% tolerance DP612: Max 18.9W@54VDC full traffic without PD loading, suggest to reserve 15% tolerance				
PoE (DP612)					
Power forwarding mode	Alternative A				
PoE Power Budget	PoE: Max.240W@75°C Per Port: Max. 30W				
PoE Mode	IEEE 802.3af/at				
Management	System/Port Power Budget Control, PoE Scheduling, PD Alive Check, PoE Status				
Software					
Management	CGI WebGUI, Command Line Interface (CLI), IPv4/IPv6(RFC2460), Telnet, SNMP v1/v2c/v3, SNMP Trap/Informs*, RMON, DHCP server/client/Option 82, TFTP, System Log, SMTP				
Traffic Management	Flow Control, Rate Control, CoS, QoS, RFC 2474 DiffServ				
Filter	IGMP Snooping v1/v2/v3, IGMP Snooping Fast-Leave/Immediate-Leave, IGMP Query, GMRP, IEEE802.1Q VLAN, QinQ, GVRP, Private VLAN				
Security	IEEE 802.1X/RADIUS, TLS v1.2, Access Control List (ACL, MAC/IP/ARP filter), HTTPs/SSH secure login, First login password management				
Advanced Security	TACACS+, Mutli-user authentication, IEEE802.1x MAB, DHCP Snooping, IP Source Guard, Dynamic ARP inspection, DoS/DDoS*, Adv. Port security*, SFTP				
L2/L3 Redundancy	WoMaster ERPSv2 <i>PLUS</i> , STP/RSTP/MSTP, eRSTP, Loop Protection, Port Trunk/801.1AX/802.3ad LACP, Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)				
Time Management	NTP, IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol v2				
L3 Routing	Static/Dynamic IP Routing, VLAN Routing, RIP v1/v2, OSPF v1/v2, Static Multicast Route				
IIoT Industrial Protocol	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP*, MQTT*, RESTful API*				
Private Cloud	ThingsMaster*, ThingMaster OTA*				
Public Cloud	AWS Agent*, Azure Agent*				
Utility	ViewMaster, NetMaster				
МІВ	ERPS MIB, MIB-II, Ethernet-like MIB*, P-BRIDGE MIB, Q-BRIDGE MIB, Bridge MIB, RMON MIB Group 1, 2, 3, 9*, WoMaster Private MIB				
Diagnostic	LLDP, Port Mirror, Ping, Port Statistic, Event Log				
Mechanical					
Installation	DIN Rail				
Enclosure Material	Steel Metal with Aluminum				
Dimension	85.5 x 150 x 126.5 (W x H x D) without DIN Rail Clip				
Ingress Protection	IP30				
Weight	1.38KG				
Environmental					
Operating Temperature & Humidity	-40°C~85°C,0%~95% Non- Condensing				
Storage Temperature	-40°C~85°C				
Hi-Pot Insulation	AC 1.5KV				
MTBF	>500,000 hours				
Warranty	5 years				

Standard	
Safety	IEC60950-1 Compliance
EMC	EN61000-6-2/EN61000-6-4
EMI	CISPR 22, FCC part 15B Class A
EMS	EN61000-4-2 ESD, EN61000-4-3 RS, EN61000-4-4 EFT, EN61000-4-5, EN61000-4-6 CS, EN61000-4-8 Magnetic Field
Railway	EN50121-4
Substation	IEC 61850-3/ IEEE1613 (DS612)

Ordering Information

Model Name	Description	
DS612	Industrial 8G + 4GF Layer 3 Cyber Security Switch	
DP612 Industrial 8G PoE+ 4GF Layer 3 Cyber Security PoE Switch		
	Package List	
	1 x Product Unit (without SFP transceiver)	
	1 x 8-pin Removable Terminal Connector	
	1 x Attached Din Clip	
	1 x Quick Installation Guide	

Optional Accessory —

Item	
MK-D1-2	Wall-mounting kit with 2 plates and 8 screws
CBL-RJ45F9-1.5M	Serial RS232 console cable RJ45 to DB9 Female 1.5Meter
SFPGEM05	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, 550M, 0~70°C
SFPGEM05T	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, 550M, -40~85°C
SFPGEM05D	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, DDM, 550M, 0~70°C
SFPGEM05DT	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, DDM, 550M, -40~85°C
SFPGEM2	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, 2KM, 0~70°C
SFPGEM2T	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, 2KM, -40~85°C
SFPGEM2D	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, DDM, 2KM, 0~70°C
SFPGEM2DT	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, multi, DDM, 2KM, -40~85°C
SFPGES10	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 10KM, 0~70°C
SFPGES10T	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 10KM, -40~85°C
SFPGES10D	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, DDM, 10KM, 0~70°C
SFPGES30	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 30KM, 0~70°C
SFPGES30T	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 30KM, -40~85°C
SFPGES30D	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, DDM, 30KM, 0~70°C
SFPXGM03D	SFP+, 10Gbps, LC, multi, DDM, 300M, 0~70°C
SFPXGS10D	SFP+, 10Gbps, LC, single, DDM, 10KM, 0~70°C
SFPGES10-A	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 10KM, BiDi TX-1310nm RX-1550nm, 0~70°C
SFPGES10-B	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 10KM, BiDi TX-1550nm RX-1310nm, 0~70°C
SFPGES10T-A	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 10KM, BiDi TX-1310nm RX-1550nm, -40~85°C
SFPGES10T-B	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, 10KM, BiDi TX-1550nm RX-1310nm, -40~85°C
SFPGES10D-A	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, DDM, 10KM, BiDi TX-1310nm RX-1550nm, 0~70°C
SFPGES10D-B	SFP, 1000Mbps, LC, single, DDM, 10KM, BiDi TX-1550nm RX-1310nm, 0~70°C